

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \mathcal{L}(te^t) &= \int_{t=0}^{\infty} e^{-st} \cdot te^t dt = \int_{t=0}^{\infty} \overbrace{e^{-t(s-1)}}^{dv} \overbrace{t}^u dt \\ &= \frac{-1}{s-1} e^{-t(s-1)} t \Big|_{t=0}^{\infty} + \frac{1}{s-1} \int_{t=0}^{\infty} e^{-t(s-1)} dt \\ &= \frac{-1}{(s-1)^2} e^{-t(s-1)} \Big|_{t=0}^{\infty} = \frac{1}{(s-1)^2} \end{aligned}$$

alternately, one can use formulas 14 and 3 of the table.

$$\textcircled{2} \mathcal{L}(y'') - \mathcal{L}(y) = \mathcal{L}(e^{2t})$$

$$s^2 Y - sy(0) - y'(0) - Y = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$(s^2 - 1)Y = \frac{1}{s-2} \Rightarrow Y(s) = \frac{1}{(s^2 - 1)(s-2)} = \frac{A}{s-1} + \frac{B}{s+1} + \frac{C}{s-2}$$

we get  $1 = A(s+1)(s-2) + B(s-1)(s-2) + C(s-1)(s+1)$ .

Plugging in  $s=1$  gives  $1 = A(2)(-1) \Rightarrow A = -\frac{1}{2}$ .

Plugging in  $s=-1$  gives  $1 = B(-2)(-3) \Rightarrow B = \frac{1}{6}$ .

Plugging in  $s=2$  gives  $1 = C(1)(3) \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{3}$ .

Therefore,

$$Y(s) = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{s-1} \right) + \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{s+1} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{s-2} \right)$$

Therefore,

$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{2} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{s-1} \right) + \frac{1}{6} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{s+1} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{s-2} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} e^t + \frac{1}{6} e^{-t} + \frac{1}{3} e^{2t}$$

from formula  $\textcircled{2}$  in the table.

③ As in problem ②, we have:

$$s^2 Y - Y = \mathcal{L}(u_1(t)) \Leftrightarrow (s^2 - 1)Y = \frac{e^{-s}}{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(s) = e^{-s} \left[ \frac{1}{s(s^2-1)} \right] = e^{-s} \left[ \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s-1} + \frac{C}{s+1} \right]$$

Computing A, B, and C:

$$1 = A(s-1)(s+1) + B(s)(s+1) + C(s)(s-1)$$

Plugging in  $s=0$ :

$$1 = A(-1)(1) \Rightarrow A = -1.$$

$$\text{Plugging in } s=+1: 1 = B(1)(2) \Rightarrow B = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{Plugging in } s=-1: 1 = C(-1)(-2) \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{2}.$$

We thus have

$$Y(s) = -1 \left( e^{-s} \cdot \frac{1}{s} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-s} \cdot \frac{1}{s-1} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-s} \cdot \frac{1}{s+1} \right)$$

whence

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) &= -u_1(t) + \frac{1}{2} u_1(t) e^{t-1} + \frac{1}{2} u_1(t) e^{-(t-1)} \\ &= u_1(t) \left\{ -1 + \frac{\cosh(t-1)}{\sinh(t-1)} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

